

## Part I: Advanced Lines of Position

### 4.1 Plotting a fix (Fig. 20)

$212^\circ M = 230^\circ T$

$292^\circ M = 310^\circ T$

Distance travelled in 2 h 40 min (= 160 min): 16 NM

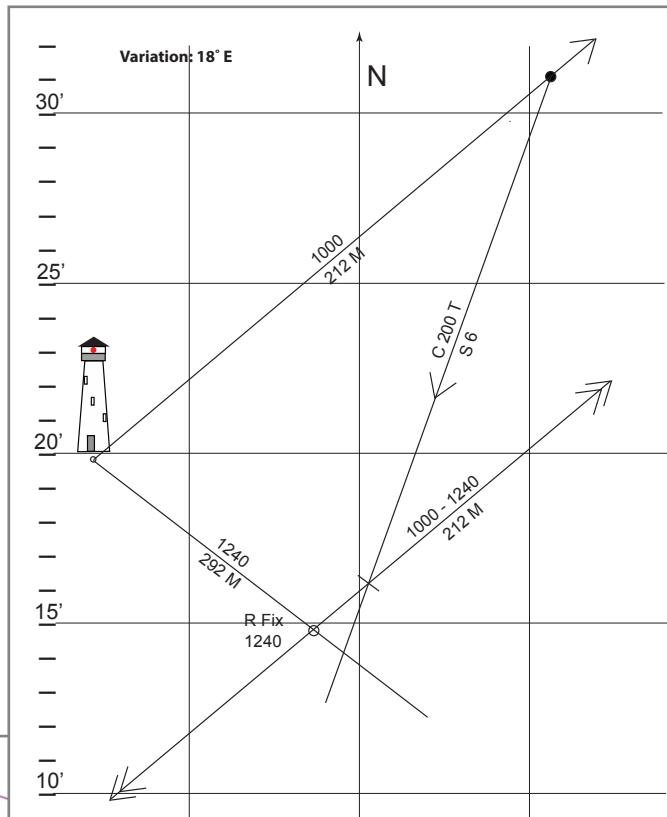


Fig. 20 Answer to 4.1

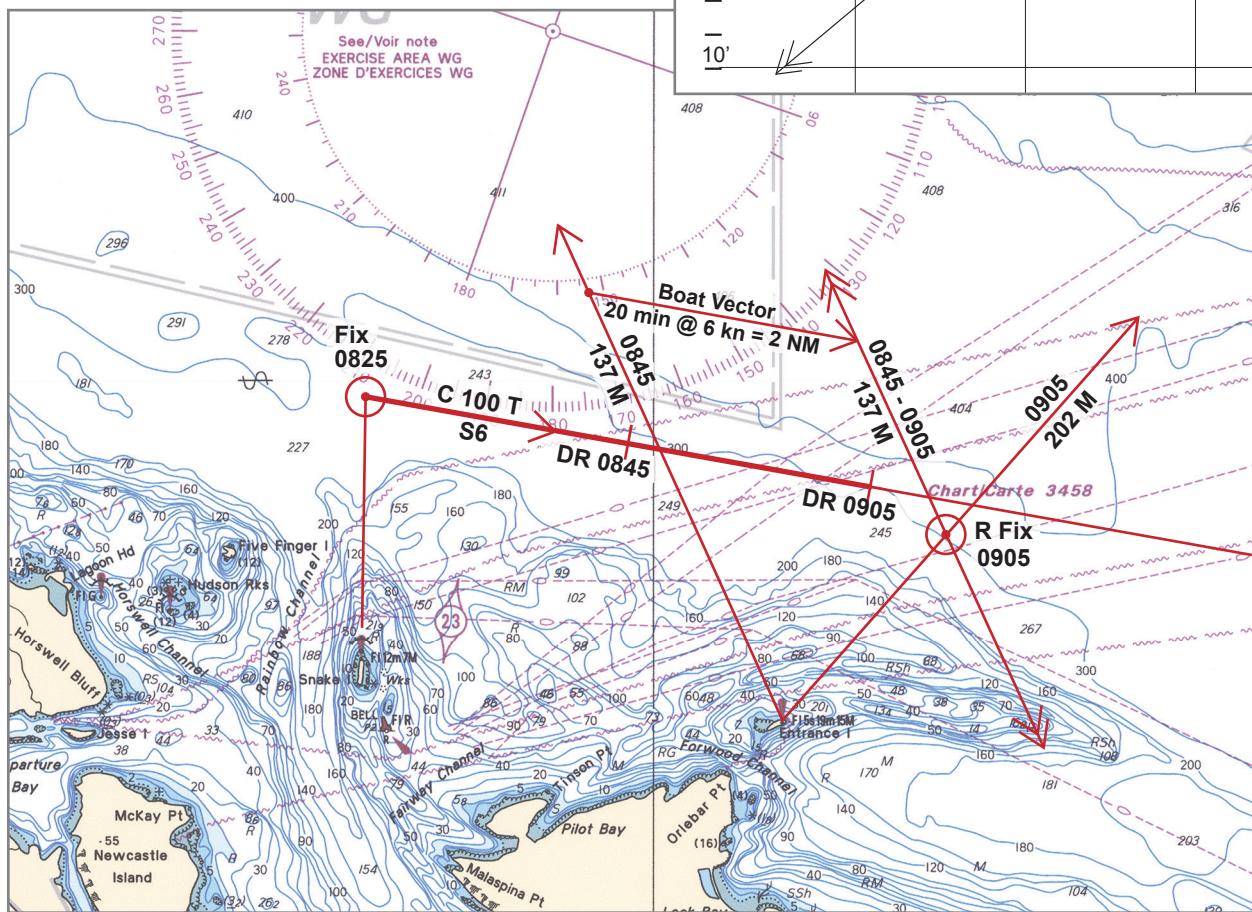


Fig. 21 Answer to 4.2 & 4.3

#### 4.4a Plotting a DR at 09:35

(Fig. 22)

T	V	M	D	C
156°	18°E	138°	4°E	134°

$$D = \frac{5 \times 30}{60} = 2.5 \text{ NM}$$

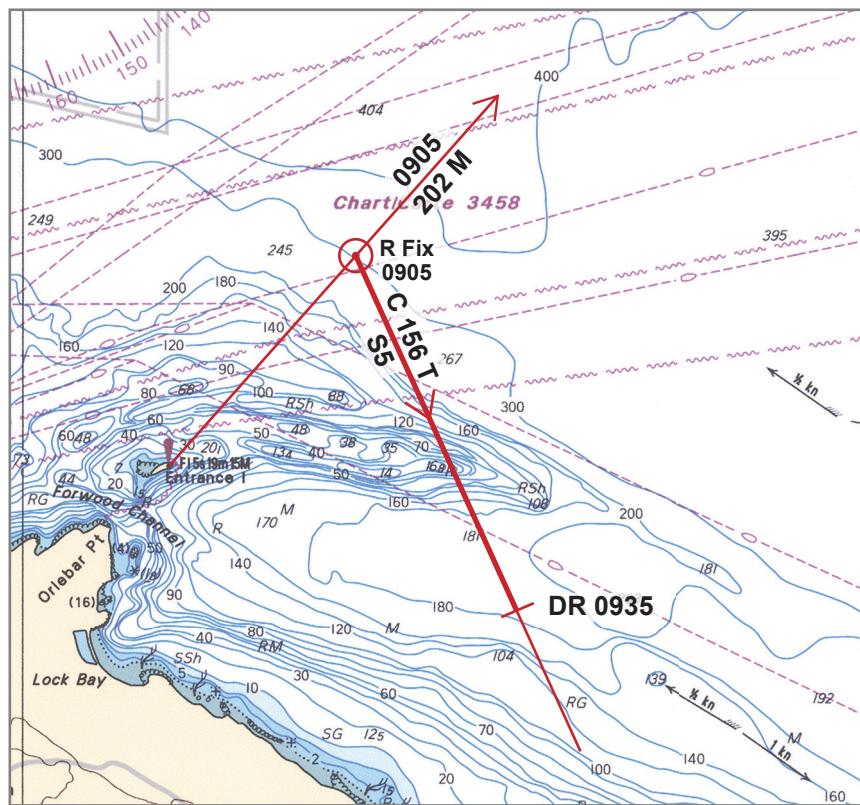


Fig. 22 Answer to 4.4a

#### 4.4b Plotting a running fix at 09:35 (Fig. 23)

$$282^\circ \text{ M} = 300^\circ \text{ T}$$

R Fix at 09:35:

49° 11.4' N

123° 45.3' W

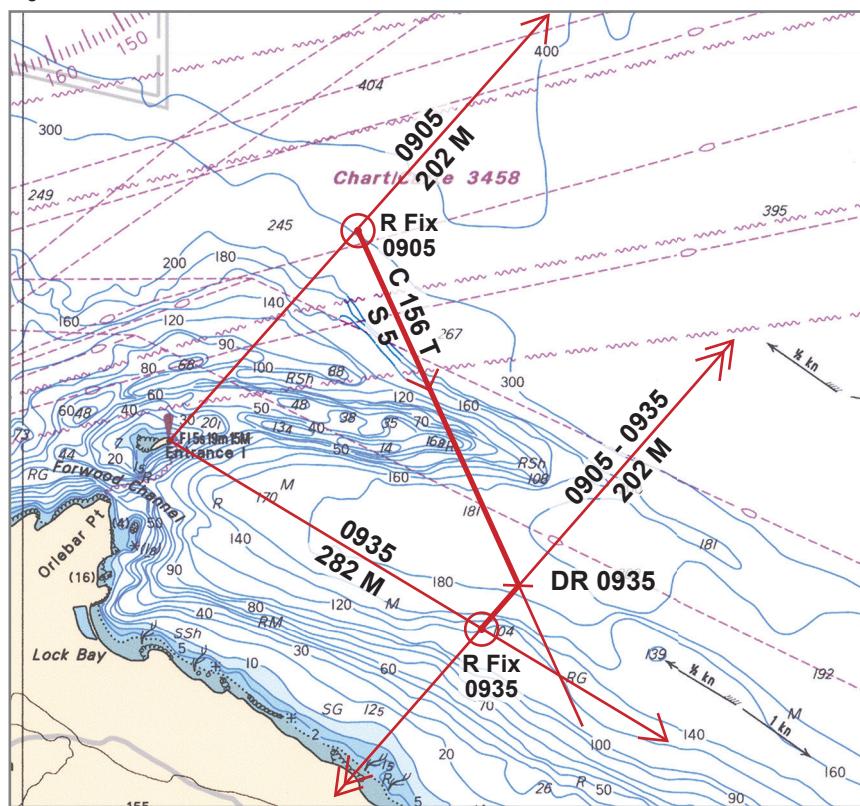


Fig. 23 Answer to 4.4b

## Part II: Set and Drift

### 4.5 Measure of set and drift (Fig. 24)

- a) Set:  $280^\circ$  T;
- b) Drift: **1.5 kn**;
- c) Flood tide

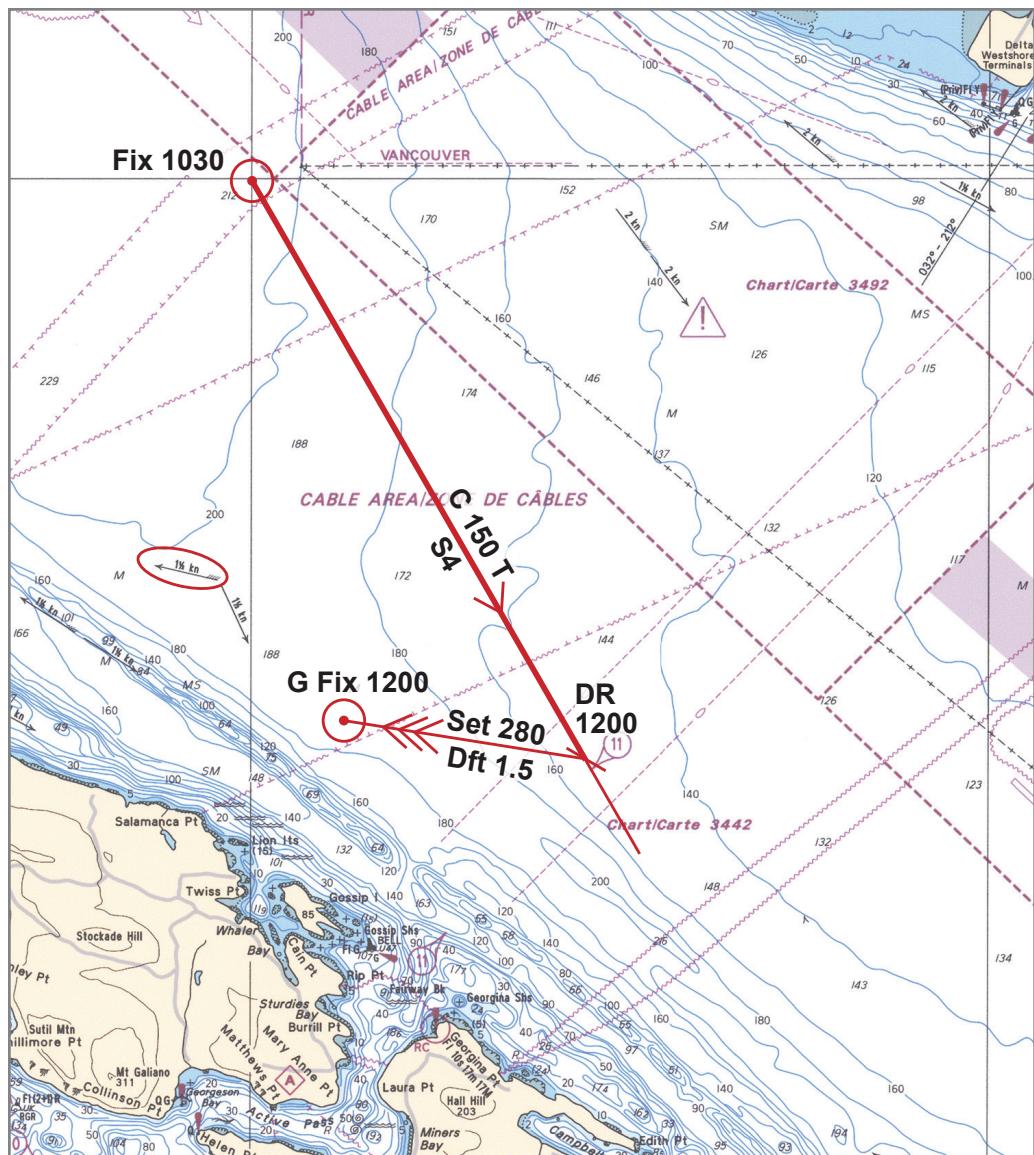


Fig. 24 Answer to 4.5

#### 4.6 Heading required to offset a known current (Fig. 25)

Heading (course): **179 ° T** (measured on the chart)

SMG: **2.9 kn** (measured with dividers)

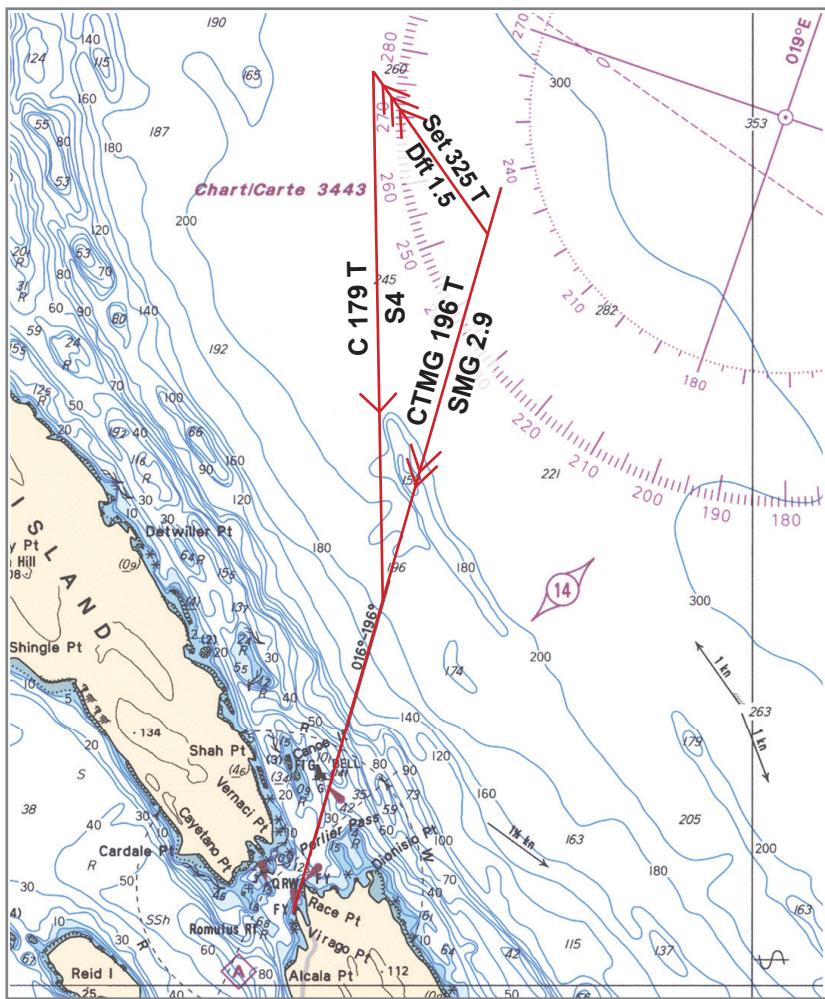


Fig. 25. Answer to 4.6

#### 4.7 Leeway

The boat is sailing west under a strong wind from the south. Correcting for the leeway requires turning **into** the wind, i.e. to port, by the amount of the leeway.

– New compass course:  $250^\circ - 05^\circ = 245^\circ \text{ C}$